

Syllabus & Evaluation Scheme

of

Bachelor of Laws

(Three Years LL.B. Degree Course)



IFTM UNIVERSITY, MORADABAD

(Established under Section 2 (f) of UGC Act, 1956, by U.P. Govt. Act No. 24 of 2010 & NAAC Accredited)



आईएफटीएम विश्वविद्यालय, मुरादाबाद, उत्तर प्रदेश
IFTM University, Moradabad, Uttar Pradesh
 NAAC ACCREDITED

SYLLABUS & EVALUATION SCHEME

SUMMARY

PROGRAMME	: Bachelor of Laws (LL.B.)
DURATION	: Three Years Full Time (Six Semesters)
MEDIUM	: Hindi / English
MIN. ATTENDANCE	: 75%
MAXIMUM CREDIT	: 119

ASSESSMENT SCHEME	Sessional Marks	Semester Marks	Total Marks
	30	70	100

SESSIONAL EVALUATION THEORY PAPERS (BEST TWO OUT OF THREE)	C.T. I Marks	C.T. II Marks	C.T.III Marks	Assignment Marks	Attendance Marks	Total Marks
	10	10	10	05	05	30

EVALUATION OF PROJECT REPORT/ PRACTICAL	Sessional Marks	Semester Marks	Total Marks
	30	70	100

DURATION OF EXAMINATION	Sessional	Semester	Practical
	1hr.	3hrs.	2 hrs.

Eligibility for Admission in LL.B.:

The candidate should have passed Bachelors Degree in any discipline (3 years duration) with 45% marks for General/ OBC and 40% marks for SC/ST Candidates.

Maximum Duration of Course:

The maximum duration of three years LL.B. Course is 6 years.

Internship:

Each registered students shall have completed min. 12 weeks internship during their course. **Provided that** internship in any year cannot be for a continuous period of more than 4

weeks at a time and also all students shall at least gone through internship once in the entire academic period with Trial & Appellate Advocates.

Eligibility for qualifying the Examination:

To qualify the course, a student is required to secure 35% marks in individual paper and minimum of 45% marks in aggregate including the Semester and Sessional Exam and 50% marks should secure in practical/ viva- voce/ project work. A candidate who secures less than 45% marks in a course shall be deemed to have failed in that course. In case a student has secured more than 35% marks in a semester, but obtained less than 45% marks in a semester, he/ she shall reappear in the course to achieve the required aggregate percentage (of 45%) in the semester.

Carry over Papers:04 theory/ practical/ project subjects.

Examination Pattern:

Question Paper shall contain Twenty Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) & Ten Long Questions. Students have to attempt all twenty MCQ (One question= One mark) &any five questions out of Ten questions (One question= 10 marks). There shall be two questions from each unit.

COURSE STRUCTURE**LL.B. I SEMESTER**

S.N.	Paper Code	Paper Name	Periods			Evaluation Scheme					Credits
			L	T	P	Sessional Exam	AS+AT	Total	Sem. Exam	Total	
Theory Papers											
1.	LLB101	Constitutional Law –I	3	2	0	20	10	30	70	100	4
2.	LLB102	Law of Contract –I	3	2	0	20	10	30	70	100	4
3.	LLB103	Family Law-I (Hindu Law)	3	2	0	20	10	30	70	100	4
4.	LLB104	Law of Crime-I (IPC)	3	2	0	20	10	30	70	100	4
5.	LLB105	Law of Torts Including Consumer Protection & MVAct	3	2	0	20	10	30	70	100	4

LL.B. II SEMESTER

S.N.	Paper Code	Paper Name	Periods			Evaluation Scheme					Credits
			L	T	P	Sessional Exam	AS+AT	Total	Sem Exam	Total	
Theory Papers											
1.	LLB201	Constitutional Law –II	3	2	0	20	10	30	70	100	4
2.	LLB202	Law of Contract –II	3	2	0	20	10	30	70	100	4
3.	LLB203	Administrative Law	3	2	0	20	10	30	70	100	4
4.	LLB204	Family Law-II (Muslim Law)	3	2	0	20	10	30	70	100	4
5.	LLB205	General English and Legal Language	3	2	0	20	10	30	70	100	4

LL.B. III SEMESTER

S.N.	Course Code	Course Name	Periods			Evaluation Scheme					Credits
			L	T	P	Sessional Exam	AS+AT	Total	Sem Exam	Total	
Theory Papers											
1.	LLB301	Law of Crime-II (Cr.P.C)	3	2	0	20	10	30	70	100	4
2.	LLB302	Labour & Industrial Laws	3	2	0	20	10	30	70	100	4
3.	LLB303	Property Law	3	2	0	20	10	30	70	100	4
4.	LLB304	Environmental Law	3	2	0	20	10	30	70	100	4
Practical/Project Papers											
5.	LLB311	Professional Ethics & Professional Accounting System	2	0	2	30	00	30	50+20	100	3

LL.B. IV SEMESTER

S.N.	Paper Code	Paper Name	Periods			Evaluation Scheme					Credits
			L	T	P	Sessional Exam	AS+AT	Total	Sem Exam	Total	
Theory Paper											
1.	LLB401	Law of Evidence	3	2	0	20	10	30	70	100	4
2.	LLB402	Public International Law	3	2	0	20	10	30	70	100	4
3.	LLB403	Company Law	3	2	0	20	10	30	70	100	4
4.	LLB404	Intellectual Property Rights	3	2	0	20	10	30	70	100	4
Practical/Project Paper											
5.	LLB412	Alternative Dispute Resolution System	2	0	2	30	00	30	50+20	100	3

LL.B. V SEMESTER

S.N.	Paper Code	Paper Name	Periods			Evaluation Scheme					Credits
			L	T	P	Sessional Exam	AS+AT	Total	Sem Exam	Total	
Theory Papers											
1.	LLB501	Civil Procedure Code & Limitation Act	3	2	0	20	10	30	70	100	4
2.	LLB502	Interpretation of Statutes	3	2	0	20	10	30	70	100	4
3.	LLB503	UP Land Law and Land Revenue Law	3	2	0	20	10	30	70	100	4
4.	LLB504	Trust, Equity and Fiduciary Relations	3	2	0	20	10	30	70	100	4
5.	LLB505	International Organization	3	2	0	20	10	30	70	100	4

LL.B. VI SEMESTER

S.N.	Paper Code	Paper Name	Periods			Evaluation Scheme					Credits
			L	T	P	Sessional Exam	AS+AT (File)	Total	Sem Exam	Total	
Theory Paper											
1.	LLB601	Jurisprudence	3	2	0	20	10	30	70	100	4
2.	LLB602	Criminology & Penology	3	2	0	20	10	30	70	100	4
3.	LLB603	Principles of Taxation	3	2	0	20	10	30	70	100	4
4.	LLB604	Disaster Management	2	2	0	20	10	30	70	100	3
Practical/Project Paper											
4.	LLB613	Drafting, Pleading & Conveyancing	2	0	2	0	50	50	30+20	100	3
5.	LLB614	Moot Court Exercise & Internship	2	0	2	0	30 (Trial Obser.& Court Visit)	30	60+10 (File& Viva)	100	3

LL.B. I SEMESTER
Constitutional Law- I

Paper Code: LLB101

L-3,T-2,P-0,C-4

Objective: The Course is designed to acquaint students with the basic principles of Constitution and Constitutionalism. The reason is justification of the growth of Fundamental Rights. The operation of Fundamental Rights, Directive Principles in India and its effect is to be studied & the basic norm of the land is to be taught with the help of appropriate judicial decisions.

Unit- I

Historical development of Constitutional Law, Characteristics of the Indian Constitution; Nature of Indian Constitution: Federal or Unitary, Preamble.

Unit II

Fundamental Rights: Scheme of Fundamental Rights, Right to Equality, Freedom of Speech and Expression and Protection against Conviction.

Unit III

Right to life and Personal Liberty, Rights against Exploitation, Right to freedom of Religion, and Rights of Minorities.

Unit IV

Constitutional remedies under article 32 & 226 and Writ Jurisdiction.

Unit V

Directive Principles of State Policies: Importance and Relationship with Fundamental Rights, Fundamental Duties and Amendment of Constitution: Procedure for amending the Constitution & Basic Structure of Constitution.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course the students will be able to:

1. Understand the history and development of the Constitution, nature and salient features of the Constitutions.
2. Know the Fundamental Rights, Duties and various Constitutional remedies.
3. Demonstrate knowledge about the Welfare State, DPSP, Constitutional amendment and Basic structure of the constitution.

Books-

1. JN Pandey, Constitutional law of India, Central Law Agency Publication, Allahabad, 55th Edition, 2018.
2. MP Jain, Indian Constitutional Law, Lexis Nexis publication, 7th Edition, 2014.
3. DD Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Lexis Nexis Publication, 22nd Edition, 2015.

4. Prof. (Dr.) Mahendra Pal Singh (Revised), VN Shukla`s Constitution of India, 13th Edition, 2017.
5. P. M. Bakshi, The Constitution of India, Universal Law Publisher, Delhi, 14th Edition, 2017.
6. Kailash Rai, Constitutional Law of India, CLA Publication, Allahabad, 11th Edition, 2015.
7. Subhash C. Kashyap, Our Constitution (Hindi/ English), National Book Trust, India, 5th Edition, 2011.
8. Dr. Basanti Lal Babel, Bharat ka Sambhidhan, Central Law Publication, 14th Edition, 2016.
9. K. C. Joshi, Constitutional Law of India, Central Law Pub., 3rd Edition, 2016.
10. Kush Kalra, Leading Judgments on Constitutional Law, Central Law Pub., 1st Edition, 2017.
11. The Constitution of India, 1950.

Web Sources -

1. <https://byjus.com/free-ias-prep/historical-background-of-constitution-of-india/><https://n.>
2. [wikipedia.org/wiki/Fundamental_rights_in_India](https://www.wikipedia.org/wiki/Fundamental_rights_in_India)
3. <https://blog.ipleaders.in/salient-features-of-the-indian-constitution/><https://n.>
4. <https://byjus.com/free-ias-prep/difference-between-fundamental-rights-and-directie-principles-of-state-policy/>
5. <https://indiankanoon.org/>
6. <https://main.sci.gov.in/judgments>
7. <http://legislative.gov.in/documents/list-of-central-acts>

Note: Latest editions of the books may be used.

LL.B. I SEMESTER
Law of Contract- I

Paper Code: LLB102

L-3,T-2,P-0,C-4

Objective:

Law of contract is a branch of commercial law which enables a person to enter in a contract. This course is designed to discuss the fundamental of contract, Essential elements of contract, capacity to contract, discharge of contract and various remedies for breach of contract. The course also gives attention to Specific Relief Act, 1963.

Unit-I

Formation of Contract, Difference between Agreement and Contract, Essential elements of Contract, Offer and Acceptance, Communication and Revocation of Contract, Offer and Invitation to Offer, Consideration and Doctrine of Privity of Contract.

Unit- II

Capacity to Contract, Minors Agreement and its Effects, Free Consent, Effect of Coercion, Undue Influence, Misrepresentation, Fraud and Mistake, Wagering Agreement and Contingent Contract.

Unit-III

Discharge of Contract and its various modes, Time and Place of Performance, Doctrine of Frustration (Impossibility of Contract), Novation, Rescission and Alteration of Contract.

Unit- IV

Quasi- Contract, Breach of Contract and its remedies, Damages, Remoteness of Damages.

Unit- V

Specific Relief Act, 1963, Nature, Recovery of possession of Property of movable and immovable Property, Specific Performance when granted, Power of Court to grant relief including preventive relief(Injunctions).

Course outcome:

After completion of the course the students will be able to:

1. Know the fundamental of contract.
2. Understand the essential and types of contract
3. To understand minor's agreement and its effect
4. To understand remedies for Breach of contract
5. How to claim remedies under Specific Relief Act 1963.

Books:

1. Dr. Avtar Singh: Introduction to Law of Contract, EBC publication, 3rd Edition, 1999.
2. Dr. Avtar Singh: Law of Contract & Specific Relief, EBC publication, 12th Edition, 2017 (Reprinted).
3. N. D. Kapoor, Elements of Mercantile Law, Sultan Chand & Sons Pub., Delhi, 34th Edition.
4. R. K. Bangia, Indian Contract Act, Allahabad Law Agency, 14th Edition, 2015.
5. Kailash Rai, Contract- I & Specific Relief Act, Central Law Agency, 4th Ed. (Rep), 2016.
6. S. S. Srivastava, Law of Contract- I & II with Specific Relief Act, Sale of Goods Act, Partnership Act & Negotiable Instrument Act, CLA, 5th Ed. (Rep), 2017.
7. Specific Relief Act, 1963.
8. The Indian Contract Act, 1872.

Web Sources:

1. <https://www.britannica.com/topic/contract-law>
2. <https://www.legalmatch.com/law-library/article/what-is-a-contract.html>

Note: Latest editions of the books may be used.

LL.B. I SEMESTER
Family Law- I (Hindu Law)

Paper Code: LLB103

L-3,T-2,P-0,C-4

Objectives: Objective of the paper is to apprise the students with the laws relating to marriage, dissolution, matrimonial remedies, adoption, contemporary trends in family institutions in India, particularly the Hindus.

Unit- I

Introduction: Nature and Origin of Hindu Law, Application of Hindu Law, Sources of Hindu Law, Schools of Hindu law.

Unit- II

Meaning and Concept of Hindu Marriage, Marriage under Hindu Marriage Act, 1955; Essentials of the Hindu Marriage, Kinds of Marriage and Legal effects of Marriage, Matrimonial Remedies: Restitution of Conjugal Rights, Judicial Separation and Divorce.

Unit- III

Concept of Joint Hindu Family, The Mitakshara and the Dayabhaga Schools and Coparcenary property, Karta: Position, Powers, Privileges and Obligations, Partition and Re-union.

Unit -IV

Hindu Succession Act, 1956: Heirs of a Hindu Male, Heirs of a Hindu Female, Agnates and Cognates. Stridhana, Gift and Wills.

Unit -V

Hindu Minority and Guardianship Act, 1956: Kinds of Guardian, Duties and Powers of Guardians.

Hindu Adoption and Maintenance Act, 1956: Who may take in adoption, Who may give in adoption, Which can be taken in adoption, Condition for a valid adoption, Effects of adoption, Maintenance: who may Claim maintenance, Maintenance of Dependents.

Course Outcome:

After completion of the course the students will be able to:

1. Understand the nature, origin, sources and schools of Hindu Law
2. Understand the Basic concept of Hindu law such as joint Hindu family, Karta, Coparcenary property, Partition and Re-Union
3. Understand the meaning and concept of Hindu marriage, The Hindu marriage Act, 1955.
4. Able to understand the statutory provision relating to adoption, maintenance, guardianship and succession.
5. Examine historical and social conditions which have influence with development of Hindu law in India.

Books:

1. Dr. Paras Diwan, Modern Hindu Law, Allahabad Law Agency,
2. U.P.D. Kesri, Modern Hindu Law, CLA Pub., 10th Ed. 2015.
3. U. P. D. Kesri, Hindu Vidhi, CLA pub., 33rd Ed., 2106.
4. Edited by Sumeet Malik, B. M. Gandhi's, Hindu Law, Eastern Book Co., 3rd Ed. 2014.
5. R. K. Agrawal, Hindu Law, CLA Pub., 25th Ed., 2016.
6. Hindu Laws, Universal Law Publication

Web Sources:

1. <http://www.legalserviceindia.com/>
2. <https://www.livelaw.in/>
3. <https://www.lawctopus.com/>
4. <https://www.lawordo.com/>
5. <https://indiankanoon.org/>
6. <https://www.wikipedia.org/>

Note: Latest editions of the books may be used.

LL.B. I SEMESTER
Law of Crime- I (IPC)

Paper Code: LLB104

L-3,T-2,P-0,C-4

Objective: Law of crime is a branch of criminal law, which enables a person to claim justice in criminal suit. It regulates the legal rights and duties of human being. The object of Law of crime is to enable the students to understand the concept of crime, its elements, stages, various kinds of crime such as crime against human body and property and their punishment.

Unit –I

Concept and Definition of Crime, Elements of Crime, Stages of Crime, Role of Intention and Motive,

Unit- II

Punishment, General Exceptions, Right of Private Defence, Offence against Marriage –Bigamy & Adultery and Defamation.

Unit- III

Joint & Constrictive Liability, Abetment, Criminal Conspiracy, Unlawful Assembly, Riot and Affray.

Unit- IV-Offences against Human Body

Culpable Homicide & Murder, Hurt & Grievous Hurt, Wrongful Restraint & Wrongful Confinement, Kidnapping & Abduction, Rape.

Unit- V – Offences against Property

Theft, Extortion, Robbery, Dacoity, Criminal Misappropriation, Criminal Breach of Trust, Cheating, Mischief, Criminal Trespass.

Course Outcome:

After completion of the course the students will be able to:

1. Analyse the historical background of the Indian criminal system.
2. Acquire in depth knowledge on substantive criminal law in India.
3. Understand concept of crime its kinds and punishment.
4. Understand and appreciate the role of law in society.
5. Understand and exercise legal rights and remedies and be aware of one's duties within the legal framework.

Books:

1. O.P. Srivastva: Fundamental of Criminal Law, Eastern Book Co., 6th Ed. (Rep) 2016.
2. Prof. S.N. Mishra, Indian Penal Law, Central Law Publication, 20th Ed., 2016.
3. K.D. Gaur: Textbook on Criminal Law, Universal Law Publication, 6th Ed., 2016.
4. Prof. (Dr.) Chandrasekharan Pillai, PSA Pillai's Criminal Law, Lexis Nexis, 13th Ed., 2017.

5. Hari Singh Gaur, Indian Penal Code, Law Publishers (India) Pvt. Ltd., 15th Ed., 2015.
6. N. V. Paranjape, Indian Penal Code, Central Law Publication, 3rd Ed. 2016.
7. Dr. Bassanti Lal Babel, General principles of Criminal Law (Hindi), 1st Ed, 2011.
8. Raja Ram Yadav, Bhartiya Dand Sanhita, Central Law Publication, 7th Ed. 2015.
9. Murlidhar Chaturvedi, Bhartiya Dand Sanhita, EBC Pub., 9th Ed., 2017.
10. Dr. N.V. Paranjape, Bhartiya Dand Sanhita, Central Law Publication, 7th Ed., 2013.
11. The Indian Penal Code, 1860.

Web Sources:

1. <http://www.legalserviceindia.com/>
2. <https://www.livelaw.in/>
3. <https://www.lawctopus.com/>
4. <https://www.lawordo.com/>
5. <https://indiankanoon.org/>
6. <https://www.wikipedia.org/>

Note: Latest editions of the books may be used.

LL.B. I SEMESTER
Law of Torts including Consumer Protection & M V Act

Paper Code: LLB105

L-3,T-2,P-0,C-4

Objective: This paper focuses on the Definition, nature, meaning and development of Law of Torts, it's essential and tortious liability of person and state. The Consumer Protection Act, 1986 And Motor Vehicle Act is also included under the framework of this paper.

Unit- I: Introduction

Definition, nature, meaning and development of Law of Tort, Essentials of Tort and Tort distinguished from other branch of law.

Unit – II: Justification & General Torts

Volenti non-fit Injuria, Necessity, Plaintiff's default, Act of God, Inevitable Accidents, Judicial and Quasi- Judicial Acts, Parental and Quasi- Parental Authority, Malicious Prosecution, Assault, Battery and False Imprisonment.

Unit – III: Liability

Strict Liability and Absolute Liability. Vicarious Liability: Scope and Justification, Doctrine of Sovereign Immunity and Remoteness of Damages.

Unit – IV: Specific Torts

Defamation, Negligence, Contributory Negligence & Nervous Shock, Nuisance and Joint Tortfeasors.

Unit – V: Consumer Protection Act

Basic concepts: Consumer, Service, Goods.

- (a) Authorities for consumer protection.
- (b) Remedies.

Motor Vehicles Act

- (a) Nature & Extent of Insurer's liability
- (b) Extent of liability.
- (c) Claims Tribunal & Award of Compensation.

Course Outcome:

After completion of the course the students will be able to:

1. Understand the concept and principles of torts,
2. Understand tortious liability of a person and state.
3. Understand the consumer rights and constitution and working of consumer courts in India
4. Understand basic knowledge of Motor Vehicles Act along with the liability.

Books:

1. R.K. Bangia, Law of Torts, Allahabad Law Agency, Edition 2017, Reprint 2018.

2. B.M. Gandhi, Law of Torts, Eastern Book Co., 8th Ed., 2006.
3. J.N. Pandey, Law of Torts, Central Law Publications, 9th Ed., 2014.
4. Jay Narayan Pandey, Apkriya Vidhi, Central Law Publications, 19th Ed., 2016.
5. M. N. Shukla, The Law of Torts & Consumer Protection Act, Central Law Agency, 21st Ed., 2016.
6. Dr. S. D. Kapoor, Law of Torts & Consumer Protection Act, Central Law Agency, 10th Ed., 2016.
7. Dr. N. V. Paranjape, Law of Torts: Consumer Protection Law & Compensation under other Statutory Laws, Central Law Agency, 2nd Ed., 2012.
8. Prof. S. P. Singh, Law of Tort, Universal Law Publishing Co., 7th Ed., Latest Reprint.
9. Edited by R.F. V. Heuston, Salmond on the Law of Torts, Sweet & Maxwell, 12th Ed., 1957.
10. Inderjeet Singh, Consumer Protection Act (Hindi), CLP, 5th Ed., 2015.
11. Consumer Protection Act, 1986.
12. Motor Vehicles Act, 1988.

Web Sources:

1. <https://www.livelaw.in/>
2. <https://www.lawctopus.com/>
3. <https://www.lawordo.com/>

Note: Latest editions of the books may be used.

LL.B. II SEMESTER
Constitutional Law- II

Paper Code: LLB201

L-3,T-2,P-0,C-4

Objective- The Objective of this paper is to provide the knowledge about the forms of government, president, Union and state Judiciary and emergency provisions in India.

Unit- I

Union Parliament: Organization, Procedure regarding enactment of Legislation, Parliamentary Privileges.

Unit- II

Union Executive: The President, powers, position and Ordinance Making Power, Union Cabinet: Prime Minister and their cabinet, Doctrine of Collective responsibility of cabinet.

Unit- III

Distribution of Legislative and Administrative powers between Union and State: Doctrine of Territorial Nexus, Doctrine of Pith and Substance, Doctrine of Colorable Legislation etc.

Unit-IV

The Union and State Judiciary: Establishment, Appointment and Jurisdiction, The State Executive: the Governor, Power and Position.

Unit- V

A. Emergency Provisions (National Emergency, Constitutional Emergency and Financial Emergency), Suspension of Fundamental Rights.

B- Trade, Commerce and Inter Course Provisions.

Course Outcomes -

After completion of the course the students will be able to:

1. Know the structure of Parliament, House of the Parliament and process of law making.
2. Understand the Union Executive, President and his power and position
3. Understand the Distribution of Legislative and Administrative powers between Union and State
4. Understand working of Union and State Judiciary
5. Understand Emergency provisions.

Books-

1. JN Pandey, Constitutional law of India, Central Law Agency Publication, Allahabad, 55th Edition, 2018.
2. MP Jain, Indian Constitutional Law, Lexis Nexis publication, 7th Edition, 2014.
3. DD Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Lexis Nexis Publication, 22nd Edition, 2015.
4. Prof. (Dr.) Mahendra Pal Singh (Revised), VN Shukla`s Constitution of India, 13th Edition, 2017.
5. P. M. Bakshi, The Constitution of India, Universal Law Publisher, Delhi, 14th Edition, 2017.

6. Kailash Rai, Constitutional Law of India, CLA Publication, Allahabad, 11th Edition, 2015.
7. Subhash C. Kashyap, Our Constitution (Hindi/ English), National Book Trust, India, 5th Edition, 2011.
8. Dr. Basanti Lal Babel, Bharat ka Sambhidhan, Central Law Publication, 14th Edition, 2016.
9. K. C. Joshi, Constitutional Law of India, Central Law Pub., 3rd Edition, 2016.
10. Kush Kalra, Leading Judgments on Constitutional Law, Central Law Pub., 1st Edition, 2017.
11. The Constitution of India, 1950.

Web Sources:

1. <https://indiankanoon.org/>
2. <https://main.sci.gov.in/judgments>
3. <http://legislative.gov.in/documents/list-of-central-acts>

Note: Latest editions of the books may be used.

LL.B. II SEMESTER
Law of Contract- II

Paper Code: LLB202

L-3,T-2,P-0,C-4

Objective: This course is to be taught after the students have been made familiar with the general principles of contract. The course provides an insight into the justification for special statutory provisions for specific contracts. The Students also study Sale of Goods Act 1930 and The Indian Partnership Act, 1932.

Unit- I Indemnity & Guarantee

Nature and Definition of Contract of Indemnity and Guarantee, Rights and Liabilities of Indemnifier, Commencement of indemnifier`s liability, Discharge of Surety, Kinds of Contract of Guarantee and Difference between Contract of Indemnity and Guarantee.

Unit- II Bailment and Pledge

Meaning and Definition of Contract of Bailment and Pledge, Rights and Duties of Bailor and Bailee, Pawnor and Pawnee, Lien, Termination of Bailment and Distinguish between Contract of Bailment and Pledge.

Unit- III Agency

Definition of Agent and Principal, Essentials of Agency, Creation of Agency (By Agreement, Ratification and Law), Relation of Principal & Agent, Sub-agent, Substituted Agent and Rights and Duties of Agent & Termination of Agency.

Unit- IV The Indian Partnership Act, 1932.

Nature and Definition of Contract of Partnership, Formation of Partnership and Partner by holding out, Rights and Duties of partners inter se, Partnership Property, Relations of Partners to Third parties, Minor and Partnership Firm, Incoming and Outgoing Partners and Dissolution & Registration of firms and effects of non-registration.

Unit-V Sale of Goods Act: 1930

Nature and Definition of Contract of Sale of Goods, Condition and Warranties, Rule of Caveat Emptor, Nemo dat quad non habet, Definition and Rights of an Unpaid Seller.

Course Outcomes -

After completing the subject students will be able to:

1. Understand the Contract of indemnity, guarantee and agency.
2. Know the formation of partnership.
3. Understand the rights of seller and unpaid seller, Rule of Caveat Emptor.

Books:

1. Dr. Avtar Singh: Introduction to Law of Contract, EBC publication, 3rd Edition, 1999.
2. Dr. Avtar Singh: Law of Contract & Specific Relief, EBC publication, 12th Edition, 2017.
3. N. D. Kapoor, Elements of Mercantile Law, Sultan Chand & Sons Pub., Delhi, 34th Edition.
4. R. K. Bangia, Indian Contract Act, Allahabad Law Agency, 14th Edition, 2015.
5. Kailash Rai, Contract- I & Specific Relief Act, Central Law Agency, 4th Ed. (Rep), 2016.

6. S. S. Srivastava, Law of Contract- I & II with Specific Relief Act, Sale of Goods Act, Partnership Act & Negotiable Instrument Act, CLA, 5th Ed. (Rep), 2017.
7. Edited by Justice K. Kannan, Sir DinshadFardunji Mulla`s, The Sales of Goods & The Indian Partnership Act, Lexis Nexis Butterorths Wadhwa, 10th Ed., 2012.
8. The Indian Contract Act, 1872.
9. The Indian Partnership Act, 1932.
10. Sales of Goods Act, 1979.

Web Sources:

1. <https://indiankanoon.org/>
2. <https://main.sci.gov.in/judgments>
3. <http://legislative.gov.in/documents/list-of-central-acts>

Note: Latest editions of the books may be used.

LL.B. II SEMESTER
Administrative Law

Paper Code: LLB203

L-3,T-2,P-0,C-4

Objective: The objective of this course is to familiarize the students with fundamental knowledge of administrative law, its evolution, legislative function, Quasi-Judicial functions, Rule of law, Separation of powers and various administrative bodies under Constitution of India.

Unit- I Evolution and Scope of Administrative Law

Nature, Scope and Development of Administrative Law, Rule of law, Separation of Powers, Relationship between Constitutional law and Administrative Law, Classification of Administrative Functions.

Unit- II. Legislative Functions of Administration

Necessity and Constitutionality of Delegated Legislation: Forms and Requirements, Control over Delegated Legislation (Legislative, Judicial and Procedural) and Sub-Delegation.

Unit- III- Quasi-Judicial Functions of Administration

Need for Judicial control over Administrative Action, Nature of tribunals: Constitution, Powers, Procedures; Administration of Tribunals, Principles of Natural Justice (Rule against bias and Audi Altrum Partem).

Unit- IV- Administrative Discretion and Judicial Control

Grounds of Judicial Review, Methods of Judicial Review, Writs, PIL and Contractual Liability of Government, Tortious Liability of Government.

Unit- V Corporations and Public Undertakings

Commission of Enquiry, Ombudsman in India (Lokpal and Lokayukta), Central Vigilance Commission, Parliamentary Committees.

Course outcome:

After completing the subject students will be able to:

1. Understand the evolution theory of administrative law.
2. Understand the need of administrative law in welfare state.
3. Understand legislative functions of administration.

Books:

1. M.P. Jain & S.N. Jain- Principles of Administrative Law, Lexis Nexis Butterworths Wadhwa, 7th Ed. 2017.
2. I.P. Massey, Administrative Law, Eastern Book Company, 9th Ed., 2017.
3. C.K. Takwani, Lectures on Administrative Law, Eastern Book Company, 9th Ed., 2016.
4. S.P. Sathe, Administrative Law, Lexis Nexis Butterworths Wadhwa, 7th Ed. 2012 (Reprint).
5. J.J.R. Upadhayaya, Administrative Law, Central Law Agency, 10th Ed., 2016.
6. U. P. D, Kesari, Administrative Law, Central Law Publication, 20th Ed., 2014.

7. Harloveleen Kaur, Administrative Law, Central Law Publication, 1st Ed., 2011.
8. K. C. Joshi, Administrative Law, Central Law Publication, 2nd Ed., 2012.
9. Kailash Rai, Principles of Administrative Law, 9th Ed. (Reprint), 2017.

Website:

1. <https://www.legalbites.in/library-administrative-law/>
2. <http://14.139.60.114:8080/jspui/bitstream/123456789/738/15/Administr>
3. <https://blog.ipleaders.in/administrative-law-1/>

Note: Latest editions of the books may be used.

LL.B. II SEMESTER
Family Law- II (Muslim Law)

Paper Code: LLB204

L-3,T-2,P-0,C-4

Objective:

The prime objective of this paper is to discuss the basic concepts of the Muslim Law. It includes the subject which are relating to the Muslim personal law i.e. the subjects enumerated in the Muslim Personal Law (Shariat Act) Application Act, 1937 such as marriage, Divorce, Dower, Hiba, Guardianship etc.

Unit- I

Introduction: Who is Muslim? Sources of Muslim Law and Schools of Muslim Law.

Unit -II

Marriage: Definition, Nature, Capacity, Classification and Prohibited degree of marriages in Muslim Law and Legal effects of Marriage, Dower (Mehtar).

Unit- III

Dissolution of Muslim Marriage, Divorce under Dissolution of Muslim Marriage Act, 1939, Maintenance of Wives, Parentage and Legitimacy: Acknowledgement of legitimacy with reference to Section 112 of the Indian Evidence Act.

Unit -IV

Will, Gift (Hiba) and Waqf

Unit -V

Guardianship, Pre-emption and General Rules of Inheritance.

Course Outcome:

After completion of the course the students will be able to:

1. Understand the nature, origin, sources and schools of Muslim Law
2. Understand the Basic concept of Muslim law such as Hiba, waqf, Acknowledgement, preemption, guardianship, and will
3. Understand the meaning and concept of Muslim marriage, Divorce, Dower.
4. Able to understand the statutory provision relating to maintenance and dissolution of muslim marriage.
5. Examine historical and social conditions which have influence with development of Muslim law in India

Books:

1. Paras Diwan, Muslim Law in Modern India, Allahabad Law Agency, 12th Ed., 2016
2. *Sir Dinshaw Fardunji Mulla*, Mulla's Principles of Mohammedan Law, Lexis Nexis Butterworths Wadhwa Nagpur; 22nd edition (2017).

3. Edited by Sukumar Ray, B B Mitra`s The Indian Succession Act, EBC Webstore, 15th Ed., 2013.
4. Edited by Tahir Mahmood, Asaf A. A. Fyzee, Outlines of Mohammedan Law, Oxford Univ Pr; 5 edition (30 September 2008).
5. Dr. H. D. Kohli, Muslim Law: Cases & Materials, Universal Law Publishing Co., Edition 2012.
6. Dr. M. A. Qureshi, Muslim Law, Central Law Agency, 5th Ed., 2015.
7. Revised by Prof. I. A. Khan, Akil Ahmad, Mohammdan Law, Central Law Agency, 26th Ed., 2016.
8. R. R. Morya, Muslim Vidhi, Central Law Publication, 10th Ed., 2017.

Web Sources:

1. <http://www.legalserviceindia.com/>
2. <https://www.lawctopus.com/>
3. <https://www.lawordo.com/>
4. <https://indiankanoon.org/>
5. <https://www.wikipedia.org/>

Note: Latest editions of the books may be used.

LL.B. II SEMESTER
General English and Legal Language

Paper Code: LLB205L-3,T-2,P-0,C-4

Objective: The objective of this course is to introduce the students with legal language, its importance in legal profession, various legal terms and maxims together with the basic principles of general English.

Unit I: General English

- (a) Introduction and Importance of Legal Language in India.
- (b) Types of the Sentences.
- (c) Parts of speech – A Brief Introduction.
- (d) Tenses: Forms and Use.

Unit II:

- (a) Active and Passive Voice.
- (b) Direct and Indirect (or Reported) Speech.
- (c) Fill in the gaps & Correction of Sentences.

Unit III: Legal Terminology.

- (a) Terms used in Civil and Criminal law.
- (b) Latin Words and expressions: Meaning and Use of the following shall be taught-
 Ab initio, Ad Idem, Ad Infinitum, Alibi, Ambiguitas Latens, Ambiguitas Patens, Amicus Curiae, Animus Possidendi, Audi Alteram Partem, Bonaficede, Caveat Emptor, De Facto, De Jure, De Nove, Ejusdem Generis, Ex Gratia, Ex Parte, Ex Post Facto, Factum Valet, Inter Alia, Jus Ad Rem, Jus In Personam, Locus Standi, Malafide, Modus' operandi, Mutatis Mutandis, Nudum Pactum, Obiter, Onus Probandi Parens Patriae, Prima Facie, Pro Bono Publico, Ratio Decidendi, Res Integre, Res Nullius, Intra-Virus, Ultra Virus,
- (c) Legal Maxims-
 Actipersonalismoritur cum persona, Actus non facitreum nisi mens sit rea, Audi altrum Partem, Communis error facit jus, Delegatus non potestdelegare, Ex nudopacto non orituractio, Ex turpi causa non orituractio, Falsus in uno falsus in omnibus, Ignorantiafactiexcusatignorantia juris non excusat, Ignorantia juris non excusat, Novus actus interveniens or nova causa interveniens, Quifacit per aliumfacit per se, Respondeat superior, Res ipsa loquitor, Salus populi est suprema lex, Ubi jus ibi idem remedium, Volenti non fit injuria.

Unit IV:

- (a) Essay Writing in English on topics of legal interests.
- (b) Letter Writing in English.
- (c) Legal Abbreviations.

Unit V:

- (a) Translations: English to Hindi and Hindi to English.
- (b) Précis Writing in English.
- (c) Antonyms, Synonyms & One Word Substitution.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course the students will be able to:

1. Various legal terms used in civil and criminal law
2. Various Latin Maxims used in legal field
3. How to change Direct sentence into Indirect
4. Active and passive
5. Précis writing
6. Essay and Letter Writing etc.

Suggested Readings:

1. S. C. Tripathi, Legal Language, Legal Writing & General English, Central Law Publication. 6th Ed., 2014.
2. S.K. Mishra, Legal Language, Legal Writing & General English, Allahabad Law Agency, Paper Back 2017.
3. S. C. Tripathi, Legal Language, Legal Writing & General English, 6th Ed., 2014.
4. Prof. K. L. Bhatia, Textbook on Legal Language & Legal Writing, Universal Law Publishing Co., 3rd Ed., 2016.
5. P. C. Wren & H. Martin, Key to High School English Grammar & Composition, S. Chand Pub., New Edition, 2006.
6. J.S. Singh & Nishi Behi, Legal Language, Writing and General English, Allahabad Law Agency, Reprint, 2015.
7. Dr. Anirudh Prashad, Outlines of Legal Language in India, Central Law Publication. 8th Ed., 2016.
8. Legal Glossary, Govt. Publication.

Website Sources

1. <http://www.1888drugcrimes.com/articles/criminal-law-glossary.htm>
2. <https://dakshindia.org/common-legal-terms/>
3. http://www.legalserviceindia.com/historicalcases/legal_maxims.htm
4. <https://www.smart-words.org/list-of-synonyms/>
5. <https://synonyms-antonyms.com/list-of-antonyms.html>
6. <https://scoop.eduncle.com/one-word-substitution-list>
7. <https://www.englishclub.com/grammar/sentence/type.htm#:~:text=The%20%20English%20Senten%20Types%20%20Declarative%20Sentence,3%20Imperative%20Sentence%20%28command%29%20%20Exclamative%20Sentence%20%28exclamation%29>

Note: Latest editions of the books may be used.

LL.B. III SEMESTER
Law of Crime- II (Cr.P.C)

Paper Code: LLB301

L-3, T-2, P-0, C-4

Objective: This paper is to give students thorough knowledge of procedural aspects of working of criminal courts and other machineries.

Unit – I

Constitution and Powers of Criminal Courts, Process to Compel Appearance and Produce things, Provisions of Security for Keeping Peace and Good Behavior.

Unit – II

Arrest and Rights of Arrested Person, Information to Police and Powers to Investigate, Disputes related to Immoveable Property and Public Nuisance, Jurisdiction of Criminal Courts in Inquiries Trials and Charge.

Unit – III

Taking of cognizance of Offence, Complaints to Magistrates, Commencement of Proceedings before Magistrate, and Trial in Criminal Cases (Session, Warrant, Summon and Summary Trials).

Unit-IV

Person once Convicted or Acquitted not to be tried again, Tender of Pardon and Compounding of Offences, Appeal, Reference and Revision, Limitation for taking cognizance, Provisions as to Bail and Bonds, Maintenance of Wives, Children and Parents.

Unit- V

Juvenile Justice (Care & Protection of Children) Act, 2000 and Probation of Offenders Act, 1958 along with S.360 of Criminal Procedure Code, 1973.

Course Outcome:

After completion of the course the students will be able to:

1. Know the working of Criminal courts of India.
2. Understand the procedure of criminal investigation, arrest, trials, appeal, and bail.
3. Know about the various rights of accused person
4. Also know the Juvenile Justice (Care & Protection of Children) Act, 2000 and Probation of Offenders Act, 1958.

Books:

1. S. N. Misra, The Code of Criminal Procedure, Central Law Publication, 20th Ed., 2016.
2. Dr. K.N. Chandrasekharan Pillai, R.V. Kelkar`s on Lectures on Criminal Law, EBC Webstore, 6th Ed., 2017.
3. Ratan Lal Dhairailal, The Code of Criminal Procedure, EBC Webstore, 20th, 2012.

4. Ved Kumari -The Juvenile Justice System in India, Oxford India Paperbacks, 2nd Ed., 2004.
5. Ved Kumari, The Juvenile Justice (Care & Protection of Children) Act, 2015- Critical Analysis, Universal Law Publishing Co., 2017.
6. Basanti Lal Babel, DandPrakriya Sanhita. Central Law Publication, 28th Ed., 2016.
7. The Probation of Offenders Act, 1958 (I.L.I.)

Website:

1. <https://www.indianemployees.com/handbook/book/criminal-procedure-code-1973-crpc-with-state-amendments-hindi-english>
2. https://www.google.com/search?sxsrf=ALeKk01V2x4djppJVgkUjTHTN_EepjbRcw%3A1601488097138&ei=4cR0X7qICJqa4-EPsu6v2AY&q=maintenance+right+of+wife+after+div

Note: Latest editions of the books may be used.

LL.B. III SEMESTER
Labour & Industrial Laws

Paper Code: LLB 302

L-3, T-2, P-0, C-4

Objective: This paper focuses on various aspect of management of labour relation and dispute settlement bodies and techniques. The paper will also focus on wages, wage policies, compensation, social security and retirement benefits during the course of employment and working conditions of employees.

Unit- I Industrial Disputes Act, 1947

Scope, Objects and Main features, Industry & Industrial disputes, Powers & Duties of Authorities, Strike, Lock-out, Retrenchment, Transfer & Closure, Regulation of Managements Prerogative during pendency of proceedings, Voluntary Arbitration and Award.

Unit- II Trade Union Act, 1926

Growth of Unions, Definitions, Registration of Trade Union, Rights & Liabilities of Registered Trade Unions and Collective Bargaining.

Unit- III

Employees States Insurance Act, 1948

Objects, Constitutional Validity and Salient Features of the Act, Various Benefits available under the Act, Liability of the Employers for accidents during the working time, Course of Employment and Employment Injury.

The Minimum Wages Act, 1948

Definitions, Fixation of Minimum Rates of Wages and Time, Procedure and Penalties.

Unit -IV

The Factories Act, 1948

Definitions, Health, Safety and Welfare Measures, Working Hours for Adults, Annual Leave with Wages and General duties of Occupier and Manufacturer.

The Payment of Wages Act, 1936

Scope and Applicability of the Act, Definitions, Payment of Wages & Deductions from Wages and Authorities under the Act.

Unit -V

Employees Compensation Act, 1923 (Workmen Compensation Amendment Act, 2009)

Conceptual Framework of Social Security Evolution and Concept of social security, Definitions, Aims & objects, Liability of Employer, National Extension Theory, Determination of Amount of Compensation, Appointment & Powers of Commissioner.

The Maternity Benefit Act, 1961

Course Outcome:

After completion of the course the students will be able to:

1. Understand the Industrial Laws,
2. Know the dispute settlement process.
3. Acquaint other Labour laws.

4. Understand the powers and procedure of authorities.

Books:

1. S.N. Mishra, Labour & Industrial Laws, Central Law Publication, 28th Ed., 2016.
2. Indrajeet Singh, Labour Laws (Hindi), Central Law Publication, 22nd Ed., 2017.
3. E.M. Rao, O P Malhotra's the Law of Industrial Disputes Vol I and II, LexisNexis; Sixth edition (2004).
4. Prof. K. M. Pillai, Labour and Industrial Laws, Allahabad Law Agency, 16th Ed., 2016.
5. Dr. V. G. Goswami, Labour & Industrial Laws, Central Law Agency, 2015.

Web Sources:

1. <https://indiankanoon.org/>
2. <https://main.sci.gov.in/judgments>
3. <http://legislative.gov.in/documents/list-of-central-acts>
4. <https://www.icsi.edu/media/webmodules/publications/7.%20Industrial,%20Labour%20and%20General%20Laws.pdf>

Note: Latest editions of the books may be used.

LL.B. III SEMESTER
Property Law

Paper Code: LLB303

L-3, T-2, P-0, C-4

Objectives: The objective of this paper is to focus on concept and classification of property as well as principles governing transfer of immovable property.

Unit- I

Concept and Meaning of Property and General Principles relating to Transfer of Property: Definition Clause, Definition of Transfer of Property, Which Properties cannot be transferred? Transfer to an unborn person, Rule against Perpetuity, Vested and Contingent Interest.

Unit – II

General Principles Governing Transfer of Immoveable Property: Conditional Transfer, Doctrine of Election, Transfer by Ostensible Owner, Doctrine of *lis Pendens*, Fraudulent Transfer, Doctrine of Part- Performance.

Unit– III

Mortgages: Kinds of Mortgage – When registration is necessary? Rights of Mortgagor; Right to Redeem, Rights and Liabilities of Mortgagee, Right to foreclose or Sale, Marshalling and Contribution.

Unit – IV

Sale: Definition, Contract for Sale, Rights and Liabilities of Seller and Buyer. **Lease:** Definition, Rights and Liabilities Lessor and Lessee and Charges.

Unit – V

Gifts: Definition, Essentials, Onerous Gift, Conditional Gifts, Universal Donee, *donatio mortis causa*, **Exchange** of Properties and Assignment of **Actionable Claims**.

Course Outcome:

After completion of the course the students will be able to:

1. Understand the concept and meaning of property,
2. Understand the General Principles Governing Transfer of Immoveable Property
3. Know the various kinds of transfer, such as Mortgage, Lease, Sale etc.
4. How can we transfer the property through different modes
5. Understand the meaning of notice and other terms related to Property Law.

Books:

1. Dr. Avtar Singh, Textbook on Transfer of Property Act, Universal Law Publication, Ed. 2nd, 2011.
2. Mulla, Transfer of Property Act, 1882, Lexis Nexis, 1st Ed., 2015.
3. RP Shinha- Transfer of Property Act, Central Law Publication, Ed. 18th, 2017.

4. Dr. T.P. Tripathi- Transfer of Property Act, 1882, Allahabad Law Agency, Ed. 4th.
5. The Transfer of Property Act, 1882 with Exhaustive Case Law Paperback (2017) by Universal's Concise Commentary.
6. G. P. Tripathi, Transfer of Property Act, Central Law Publications, 19th Ed. 2016.
7. जीत्रिपाठी .पी ., सम्पत्तिअन्तरणअधिनियम, सेंट्रललॉपब्लिकेशन,23rd Ed. 2017.
8. The Transfer of Property Act, 1882.

Web Source:

1. <https://www.indiacode.nic.in/bitstream/123456789/2338/1/A1882-04.pdf>
2. <https://indiankanoon.org/>
3. <https://main.sci.gov.in/judgments>
4. <http://legislative.gov.in/documents/list-of-central-acts>

Note: Latest editions of the books may be used.

LL.B. III SEMESTER
Environmental Law

Paper Code: LLB304

L-3, T-2, P-0, C-4

Objective: The objective of this paper is to acquaint the students with the environmental issues and the measures taken for its protection along with the statutory provision enforceable at and national and international level.

Unit- I General Introduction

Importance & Scope of Environmental Law in India, International perspective of Environmental Law and Emerging principles;

- (i) Polluter Pays Principle, (iii) Precautionary Principle,
- (ii) Public Trust Doctrine, (iv) Sustainable Development.

Unit-II Constitutional and Other Legal Aspects

Constitutional aspects (Distribution of Legislative Powers, Directive Principles of State Policy, Fundamental Rights and Fundamental Duties) and Legal Aspects (IPC, Cr.P. C and C.P.C)

Unit-III The Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974 and the Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981

Salient Features of the Acts, Definitions, Authorities: Composition, Powers and Functions, Mechanism to Control the Pollution and Sanctions.

Unit –IV Environment (Protection) Act, 1986

Salient Features of the Act, Definitions, Authorities – Composition, Powers and Functions, Mechanism to Control the Pollution and Sanctions, Control over Noise Pollution: Legal Control and Judicial Control.

Unit –V The Wild Life Protection Act, 1972 and the Forest Conservation Act, 1980

Salient Features of the Act, Definitions, Authorities – Composition, Powers and Functions, Mechanism to Control the Pollution and Sanctions.

Course Outcome:

After completion of the course the students will be able to:

1. To know the scope of environmental laws in India.
2. Understand the causes and effects of environmental pollution.
3. Understand the different Statutory provisions working for the protection of environment in India.
4. Develop the capacity to identify new law and apply existing law in the rapidly evolving legal context for environmental law.
5. Understand in depth knowledge of the specialist area of environmental law and associated disciplinary areas.

Books:

1. S. C. Tripathi, Environmental Law, Central Law Publications, 6th Ed., 2015.

2. JJ Ram Upadhyay, Environmental Law, Central Law Agency, 3rd Ed., 2012.
3. Sumit Malik, Environmental Law, EBC Pub., 2nd Ed., 2013.
4. Prof. Satish C. Shastri, Environmental Law, EBC Pub., 5th Ed., 2015.
5. P. Leelakrishnan, Environmental Law in India, Lexis Nexis, 2nd Ed., 2010.
- A. K. Dubey, Paryavaran Vidhi, Central Law Publication, 5th Ed., 2015.
6. Dr. Anirudh Prasad, Paryavaran evum Paryavarniya Sanrakshan Vidhi Ki Rooprekha, CLA Pub., 1st, 2018.
7. S. R. Muneni, Environmental Law, Asia Law House, 2013.
8. Environmental (Protection) Act, 1986,
9. Water and Air Pollution Act, 1947 & 1981.
10. The Wild Life Protection Act, 1972
11. The Forest Conservation Act, 1980

Web Source:

1. <http://legislative.gov.in/actsofparliamentfromtheyear/environment-protection-act-1986>
2. <http://legislative.gov.in/actsofparliamentfromtheyear/atomic-energy-act-1962>
3. <http://legislative.gov.in/sites/default/files/A1981-14.pdf>
4. <http://legislative.gov.in/actsofparliamentfromtheyear/water-prevention-and-control-pollution-act-1974>
5. http://legislative.gov.in/sites/default/files/A1972-53_0.pdf
6. <https://unctad.org/>
7. <https://indiankanoon.org/doc/117232455/>
8. <https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/content/documents/Agenda21.pdf>
9. <http://legislative.gov.in/sites/default/files/COI-updated.pdf>
10. <http://legislative.gov.in/actsofparliamentfromtheyear/indian-penal-code>
11. <http://legislative.gov.in/sites/default/files/A1908-05.pdf>
12. <http://legislative.gov.in/sites/default/files/A1974-02.pdf>

Note: Latest editions of the books may be used.

LL.B. III SEMESTER
Professional Ethics & Professional Accounting System

Paper Code: LLB311

L-2, T-0, P-2, C-3

Objective: The object of this course is to familiarize the students about ethics to be followed in legal profession. This course further focuses on bar and bench relationship, contempt of court and accountability of lawyers towards court, client and society.

Unit I

Nature and Characteristics of Professional Ethics and Legal Profession, Extent of Professionalization of Legal Profession and Code of Ethics for Lawyers.

Unit II

Historical Prospective and Regulation of Legal Profession, Constitution, Function, Powers and Jurisdiction of State Bar Council and Bar Council of India, Admission and Enrolment of Advocates.

Unit III

Contempt of Court by the Lawyers: Civil Contempt and Criminal Contempt, Punishment and Defences, Strike by Lawyers.

Unit IV

Professional Misconduct and its Control, Bar- Bench Relation and Accountability of Lawyers towards: Court, Clients and Society.

Unit V

Role of Legal Profession in Social Transform.

Evaluation Scheme:

- 30 Marks- Theory Examination (Internal)
- 50 Marks- File Work (External)
- 20 Marks- Viva (External)

Course Outcome:

After completion of the course the students will be able to:

1. Have an understanding of the essential elements of the ethical and professional practice of law.
2. Understand the legal profession in the regulatory context and have information about professional associations and registration requirements.
3. Understand the aspects related to Contempt of Court.
4. Understand the various ethical and professional issues such as competence, confidentiality, consent, professional conduct, etc. which are covered in the context of landmark cases.

Books:

1. S. R. Muneni, Professional Ethics, Accountancy for Lawyers and Bench- Bar Relation, Asia law House, Hyderabad, 2014.
2. Raju Ramchandran, Professional Ethics for Lawyers- Changing Profession, Changing Ethics, Lexis Nexis, 2nd Ed., 2014.
3. Sanjeev Row`s The Advocate Act, 1961, Lexis Nexis, 9th Ed., 2016.
4. P. Ramanatha Aiyar & N. S. RangnathaAiyer, Legal & Professional Ethics: Legal Ethics, Duties & privileges of a Lawyer, Wadhwa & Com. Pub., Nagpur, 3rd 2003.
5. S. P. Gupta, Professional Ethics & Bench- Bar Relation, Central Law Agency, 5th Ed., 2013.
6. The Advocates Act, 1961, The Bar Council of India Rules, 1961
7. Contempt of Court Act, 1997.

Web Resource:

1. LexisNexis, Butterworths).
2. <http://www.legalserviceindia.com/legal/article-925-professional-ethics-and-accountancy-for-lawyers.html>
3. https://www.academia.edu/6167219/PROFESSIONAL_ETHICS_AND_PROFESSIONAL_ACCOUNTING_SYSTEM
4. <https://www.scribd.com/document/346319511/Professional-Ethics-and-Professional-Accounting-System>

Note: Latest editions of the books may be used.

LL.B. IV SEMESTER
Law of Evidence

Paper Code: LLB401

L-3, T-2, P-0, C-4

Objective: Law of Evidence is a branch of Procedural Law, which enables a person to claim justice in legal Suit or proceeding. It is a Lex Fori law. The object of Evidence law is to consolidate, define and amend the law of evidence. The object of the paper is to enable the students to understand relevancy of facts, admission, confession, dying declaration, expert opinion, kinds of evidence and documents, burden of proof, doctrine of estoppel and examination of witnesses etc.

Unit I

Nature & Scope of Law of Evidence, Definition clause, Distinction between Relevancy and Admissibility, Relevancy of Facts.

Unit-II

Admission and Confession, Dying Declaration and their Evidentiary Value, Relevancy of Judgment.

Unit-III

Experts Opinion and its relevancy, Character relevancy, Oral and Documentary Evidence: Primary and Secondary Evidence and General Principles of exclusion of Oral by Documentary Evidence.

Unit-IV

Burden of Proof, Doctrine of Estoppel, Kinds of Estoppel and Difference between Estoppel and Res-judicata.

Unit- V

Who may Testify, Privileged Communications, Testimony of Accomplice- Examination of Witnesses: Examination –in –Chief, Cross Examination and Re-Examination, Leading Questions, Lawful Questions, Hostile Witness, Impeaching the Credit of Witness, Refreshing Memory, Improper Admission and Rejection of Evidence.

Course Outcomes:

After completion of the course the students will be able to:

1. Understand the fundamental principles of evidence law and the strict application of its rules in judicial proceedings.
2. Understand the role of evidence law and its principles in civil and criminal proceedings, the connection of this law with substantive law and other procedure laws.
3. On whom burden of proof lies during the pendency of case.
4. What are the modes of examination of witness during the case before court.

Books:

1. Batuk Lal, The Law of Evidence, Central Law Agency, 1st Ed., 2015.
2. Dr. Avtar Singh, Principles of the Law of Evidence, Central Law Publication, 22nd Ed., 2016.
3. Dr. Avtar Singh, Law of Evidence (Hindi), Central Law Publication, 20th Ed., 2015.
4. Abhinandan Malik, V.P Sarthi`s Law of Evidence, EBC Pub., 7th Ed., 2017.
5. NV Paranjape, Bhartiya SakshyaAdhinyam, Central Law Publication, 1st Ed., 2018.
6. Ratanlal&Dhirajlal, The Law of Evidence, Lexis Nexis, 26th Ed., 2017.
7. Indian Evidence Act, 1872.

Website Sources:

1. <https://www.lawordo.com/evidence-law-notes/#:~:text=Law%20Evidence%20is%20%E2%80%9CLex%20fory%E2%80%9D%20%3A%20Maxim%20%E2%80%9CLex,be%20enforced%20and%20court%20sits%20to%20enforce%20it>
2. <https://www.legalbites.in/library-law-of-evidence/>
3. <https://blog.ipleaders.in/basics-of-law-of-evidence/>
4. <https://www.srdlawnotes.com/2016/04/the-doctrine-of-estoppel-under-indian.html>
5. <https://www.legalbites.in/burden-proof-presumptions/>
6. <https://blog.ipleaders.in/different-kinds-of-evidence/>

Note: Latest editions of the books may be used.

LL.B. IV SEMESTER
Public International Law

Paper Code: LLB402

L-3, T-2, P-0, C-4

Objectives:

This course provides the student with an introduction to international law and its significance in the economically globalized world. In view of the vastness of the subject, only important chapters relating to peace have been covered here as an introductory perspective to prod and provoke the inquisitiveness of the students to grasp the key features of international law and their relevance in a subtle perspective and help for the preparation of various competitive examinations.

Unit -I

Meaning, Nature and Scope of International Law, Schools of International Law, Sources of International Law.

Unit -II

Relation between International Law and Municipal Law, Subjects of International Law; States, Individuals and Certain Non-States Entities, Basis of International Law, Recognition in International Law: Concept, Kinds and Theories, Legal Consequence of Recognition

Unit -III

State-Territory, State Jurisdiction: Territorial Jurisdiction and Extra-Territorial Jurisdiction and State Succession.

Unit -IV

Asylum, Extradition and Intervention.

Unit -V

Settlement of International Disputes, Neutrality and Law of the Sea (Maritime Belt, Contiguous Zone, Continental Shelf and Exclusive Economic Zone).

Course Outcome:

After completion of the course the students will be able to:

1. Understand the history and development of international law and its relevancy.
2. Understand creation of new states and their recognition and inter-state relationship.
3. Understand means of settlement of international disputes, rights and duties of natural states and role of UNO.

Books:

1. S.K Kapoor, Human Rights and International Law, Central Law Agency, 1st Ed., 2016.
2. V. K. Ahuja, Public International Law, Lexis Nexis, 1st Ed., 2016.

3. H. O. Agarwal, International Law & Human Rights, Central Law Publication, 21st Ed., 2016.
4. J. G. Starke, Introduction to International Law, Butterworths, 11th Ed., 1994.

Web Sources:

1. <http://www.legalserviceindia.com/>
2. <https://www.livelaw.in/>
3. <https://www.lawctopus.com/>
4. <https://www.lawordo.com/>
5. <https://indiankanoon.org/>
6. <https://www.wikipedia.org/>

Note: Latest editions of the books may be used.

LL.B. IV SEMESTER
Company Law

Paper Code: LLB403

L-3, T-2, P-0, C-4

Objective: This paper focuses on formation of company, its memorandum and article of association, various doctrine related to company law, Company management and Administration and the winding of the company.

Unit I- Formation of Company

Meaning & Nature of Company with emphasis on its advantages & disadvantages, Corporate Personality & Lifting the Corporate Veil and Promotion of Company, Salient features of Companies Act, 2013.

Unit II- Association & Prospectus

Memorandum of Association & Article of Association, Doctrine of Ultra Vires, Prospectus, Statement in lieu of Prospectus and Membership of Company.

Unit III- Corporate Capital

Share, Share Capital and Debenture, Issuance and Allotment of Shares & Corporate Social Responsibility.

Unit IV- Company Management & Administration

Company & its various Organs, Company Meetings and Resolutions, Directors and Managing Director, Operation and Mismanagement and National Company Law Tribunal and Doctrine of Indoor Management.

Unit V- Winding up of Company

Modes of Winding Up, Conditions and Positions, Voluntary Winding up- Kinds and Distinctions.

Course Outcomes-

A student passing this module should be able to:

1. Understand the basic statutory provision of Company law in India.
2. Understand the concept, formation of company and various kinds of companies.
3. To know various doctrine such as Lifting the corporate veil, Doctrine of Ultra-vires, and indoor management etc.
4. Understand the various documents and working of company.
5. Understand the concept of corporate social responsibility of company.

Books:

1. S. C. Tripathi, New Company Law, Central Law Publications, 1st Ed., 2015.
2. Basanti Lal Babel, Company Vidhi, Central law Publications, 2nd Ed., 2016.
3. Dr. A. K. Jain, The Company Law, Ascent Publication, Delhi, 2015.
4. Avatar Singh, Company Law, EBC Pub., 17th Ed., 2017.
5. R.K Bangia, Company Law, Allahabab Law Agency, Edition 2017, 2018 (Reprint) .
6. Dr. NV Paranjape, Company Law, Central Law Agency, 2017.
7. S. R. Myneni, Company Law, Asia Law House, 2nd Ed., 20115.
8. The Companies Act, 2013.

Web Sources:

1. <https://indiankanoon.org/>
2. <https://main.sci.gov.in/judgments>
3. <http://legislative.gov.in/documents/list-of-central-acts>

Note: Latest editions of the books may be used.

LL.B. IV SEMESTER **Intellectual Property Rights**

Paper Code: LLB404L-3, T-2, P-0, C-4

Objective: Law of Intellectual Property Rights is the area of law that deals with protection of the rights of those who creates original work. It covers everything from original plays and novels to inventions and trademark or company identification marks. The objective of the study is to encourage new technologies, artistic expression and inventions while promoting economic growth and knowledge of the subject.

Unit-I Introduction

Concept of Property vis-à-vis Intellectual Property, Characteristics and kinds of IPR, Need and legal Protection of IPR.

Unit-II Patent Act

Historical Background, Definition & Concept, Patentable & Non- Patentable, Subject Matter, Procedure for Patent, Infringement & Remedies and International Legal Instruments on Patent Law.

Unit-III Copyright Including Neighboring Rights

Origin, Development and Nature of Copyright, Meaning of Copyright, Registration, Assignment & Licensing, Ownership of Copyright, Author's Moral Rights and Neighbouring Rights and Copyright law in

- (a) Copyright in Literary, Dramatic & Musical Work.
- (b) Copyright in Sound Record and Cinematograph.
- (c) Copyright in Computer Programme and

Infringement & Remedies.

Unit-IV Trademark Law

Concept, Nature & Definition of Trademark, Kinds of Trademark, Registration Procedure, Assignment & Transmission, Infringement & Remedies.

Unit-V Design Act, 2000

Nature, Definition & Scope, Procedure for Registration and Infringement & Remedies.

Outcomes:

After completion of the course the students will be able to:

1. Understand IPR and its importance,
2. Registration process of Patent, Copyright, trademark and other IP's
3. Remedies in case of infringement of registered IPRs,
4. Working procedure of International instruments and treaty.

Books:

1. P. Narayanan, Intellectual Property Law, Eastern Law House, 3rd Ed., 2017.
2. M. K. Bhandari, Law to Intellectual Property Rights, Central Law Publication, 4th Ed., 2014.
3. J. P. Mishra, Intellectual Property (Hindi), Central Law Publication, 3rd Ed., 2013.
4. Dr. S. R. Mynani, Law of Intellectual Property Rights, Asia Law House, 7th Ed., 2014.
5. B. L. Wadhwa, Law relating to IP, Universal Law Publishing Com., 5th Ed., 2017.
6. Sabanna Talwar, WTO & Intellectual Property Rights, Serials, 1st Ed. 2008.
7. Intellectual Property Rights Bare Act.

Web Sources:

1. <https://indiankanoon.org/>
2. <https://main.sci.gov.in/judgments>
3. <http://legislative.gov.in/documents/list-of-central-acts>
4. https://www.wipo.int/edocs/pubdocs/en/intproperty/450/wipo_pub_450.pdf
5. https://www.wipo.int/edocs/pubdocs/en/copyright/891/wipo_pub_891.pdf
6. <http://www.leagueofarabstates.net/ar/intellectualproperty/Documents/summery.pdf>
7. https://www.wipo.int/edocs/pubdocs/en/geographical/952/wipo_pub_952.pdf
8. https://unctad.org/system/files/official-document/ictsd2004ipd8_en.pdf
9. <https://www.wipo.int/edocs/lexdocs/laws/en/in/in026en.pdf>

Note: Latest editions of the books may be used.

LL.B. IV SEMESTER
Alternative Dispute Resolution System

Paper Code: LLB 412

L-2, T-0, P-2, C-3

Objective: This course offers an opportunity to know the mechanism to settle the legal issues through alternative methods like Arbitration, Negotiation and Conciliation. Students are expected to acquire certain skills in this regard.

The course shall comprise of the following:

1. Negotiation skills to be learned with simulated program.
2. Conciliation skills.
3. Arbitration Law and Practice including International Arbitration and Arbitration rules.

The course is required to be conducted by Senior Legal Practitioner through simulation and case studies. Evaluation may be conducted in practical exercise at least for a significant part of evaluation (assessment through case study, viva- voice and periodical problem solution besides the written test).

Evaluation Scheme:

- 30 Marks- Theory Examination (Internal)
- 50 Marks- File Work (External)
- 20 Marks- Viva (External)

Outcome:

1. Appreciate the conceptual framework related to various ADR processes.
2. Identify and analyze the key provisions of the Arbitration and Conciliation Act, 1996 and the Legal Services Authorities Act, 1987
3. Understand the complexities involved in drafting “Arbitration Clause”
4. Understand the skills and elements involved in Negotiation, Mediation and Conciliation.

Web Sources:

1. <https://indiankanoon.org/>
2. <https://main.sci.gov.in/judgments>
3. <http://legislative.gov.in/documents/list-of-central-acts>

Books:

1. Ashwinie K. Bansal, Arbitration & ADR, Universal Law Publishing Com., 4th Ed., 2015.
2. S. R. Mynani, Alternative Dispute Resolution (The Arbitration & Conciliation Act, 1996), Asia Law House, 3rd Ed., 2017.
3. Dr. S. C. Tripathi, The Arbitration & Conciliation Act, 1996 (with Alternative Means of Settlements of Dispute), CLP, 7th Ed, 2015.
4. NV Pranjapay, Law Relating Arbitration & Conciliation Act, 1996, CLA Pub., 7th Ed., 2016.
5. Dr. Avtar Singh, Law of Arbitration & Conciliation and ADR System, EBC pub, 11th Ed. 2018.
6. The Arbitration & Conciliation Act, 1996

Note: Latest editions of the books may be used.

LL.B. V SEMESTER
Civil Procedure Code & Limitation Act

Paper Code: LLB501

L-3, T-2, P-0, C-4

Objectives: The main object of this Civil Procedure Code is to consolidate and amend the laws relating to the procedures of the Court of Civil court. This paper is to give students thorough knowledge of procedural aspects of working of civil courts and other machineries.

Unit- I

Definitions Clause, Suit of Civil Nature, the Jurisdiction of Courts, Res Sub Judice and Res Judicata, Place of Suing, Foreign Judgment.

Unit-II

Parties to Suits, Framing of Suit, Institution of Suits, Issue and Service of Summon, Pleading, Plaint & Written Statement, Set-off and Counter Claim, Appearance and Non-Appearance of Parties.

Unit III

Suits by or against the Government, Suits by or against the Minor or Lunatic, Suits by Indigent Person, Interpleader Suits, Inherent Powers of the Courts. Interim Orders: Commission, Arrest before Judgment and Attachment before Judgment, Temporary Injunction, Interlocutory Order & Receiver.

Unit –IV

Mode of Execution, Attachment and Sale of Movable and Immovable Properties in Execution. Appeals: Reference, Review, and Revision, Judgment, Decree, Orders.

Unit –V Limitation Act, 1963

Limitation of Suits, Period of Limitation, Computation of period of Limitation and exclusion of Time in Legal Proceeding, Appeal and Applications, Continuous running of Time and Effects of sufficient cause for not preferring Appeal and Application within a Period of Limitation and effects of Death, fraud and Acknowledgement in writing.

Course Outcomes

Students completing this course will be able to understand:

1. How a suit of civil nature may file in proper court or place
2. Doctrine of Res–Judicata and Res-subjudice
3. Who may be parties of the civil suit
4. Summon and its service
5. Forms of pleading
6. Execution of Decree and order
7. Provisions of Appeal, reference, review and revision
8. Concept of law of limitation

9. Time for filing a suit and extension of such time etc.

Books:

1. C K Takwani- Civil Procedure Code with Limitation Act, EBC publication, Ed. 7th, 2016.
2. B. N. Pandey, The code of Civil Procedure (Hindi), CLA Publisher, Ed. 8th, 2017.
3. Dr. TP Tripathi, The Code of Civil Procedure (Hindi), Allahabad Law Agency, Ed. 27th, 2016.
4. Dr. Basanti Lal Babel, The Code of Civil Procedure & Limitation Act, CLA Publication, Ed, 20th, 2016.
5. Dr. S. R. Mynani, The Code of Civil Procedure & Limitation Act, Asia Law House, 3rd Ed., 2017.
6. Limitation Act, 1963.
7. CPC, 1908.

Web Sources

1. <https://www.legalbites.in/library-civil-procedure-code/#:~:text=The%20Civil%20Procedure%20Code%20is%20an%20adjective%20law.,into%20force%20with%20effect%20from%201%20January%201909.>
2. https://www.indiacode.nic.in/handle/123456789/2191?sam_handle=123456789/1362
3. <https://www.studocu.com/in/document/karnataka-state-law-university/civil-procedure-code-limitation-act/lecture-notes/civil-procedure-code-notes-based-on-previous-year-question-papers/4540372/view>
4. <https://www.latestlaws.com/articles/all-about-execution-of-a-decree-under-order-21-code-of-civil-procedure-by-pranjali-sharma-jyotsana-uplavdiya/>
5. <https://www.latestlaws.com/articles/all-about-limitation-act1963-by-gautam-kawatra/>
6. <https://blog.ipleaders.in/law-limitation-india-limitation-act-1963/#:~:text=The%20Law%20of%20Limitation%20signifies%20to%20prevent%20from,will%20be%20hit%20by%20the%20law%20of%20limitation.>

Note: Latest editions of the books may be used.

LL.B. V SEMESTER

Interpretation of Statutes

Paper Code: LLB502L-3, T-2, P-0, C-4

Objective: This course of Interpretation of Statutes is designed to understand the true meaning, intent of the maker of the statute. Further to make the student familiar with various rules of interpretation.

Unit- I: Introduction

Meaning, Purpose and Scope of Statute, Nature and Classification of Statutes, Meaning and Kinds of Interpretation and Necessity of Interpretation of Statutes.

Unit- II: Rules of statutory Interpretation.

Primary (Basic) Rules, Secondary Rules, Literal along with cases.

Unit- III:

Judicial Activism as a form of constitutional interpretation, Presumption in Statutory Interpretation: as to Jurisdiction, Prospective Operation of Statutes and against the violation of International Law.

Maxims

Ejusdem Generis, Expression uniuestet Exclusion Alterus; Ut Res magis Valeat quam paraeat. Nocitur a nocies, Contemporanea exposition fastissimainlege. Reddendo singular singularis, Incamera.

Unit-IV: Principles of Construction and its Aids

Harmonious Construction, Strict Construction, Internal Aids to construction and External Aids to Construction

Unit-V: Interpretation of Specific Statutes:

1. Principles of Constitutional Interpretation: Harmonious Construction, Doctrine of Pith & Substance; Doctrine of Colorable Legislation; Occupied Field, and Repugnancy.
2. Civil Statutes
3. Penal statutes
4. Taxing statutes

Course outcomes -

After completion of the course the students will be able to:

1. To analyze the legislative intent of statute and various principles pertaining to that
2. The role of courts and guided principles for interpretation of any statutes
3. Will understand the provisions of law, the growth of judicial boundaries and limitations.

Books:

1. R.D. Srivastava, Textbook of Interpretation of Statute & Legislation, Central Law Publication, 6th Ed., 2013.

2. V. P. Sarathi, Interpretation of Statute, Eastern Book Com., 5th Ed., 2015.
3. A. B. Kafaliya, Textbook of Interpretation of Statute, Universal Law Pub. Com., 2nd Ed., 2017.
4. Dr. Avtar Singh, Introduction to Interpretation of Statute, Lexis Nexis, 4th Ed., 2014.
5. T. Bhattacharya, Interpretation of Statutes, Central Law Agency, 9th Ed., 2014.
6. G. P. Singh, Principles of Statutory Interpretation, Lexis Nexis, 14th Ed., 2016.
7. N. S. Bindra, Interpretation of Statute, Lexis Nexis, 1st Ed., 2008.
8. Basanti Lal Babel, Interpretation of Statute (Hindi), Central Law Publication, 4th Ed., 2012.
9. D. N. Mathur, Interpretation of Statute, Central Law Publication, 5th Ed., 2015.

Web Sources:

1. <https://indiankanoon.org/>
2. <https://main.sci.gov.in/judgments>
3. <http://legislative.gov.in/documents/list-of-central-acts>

Note: Latest editions of the books may be used.

LL.B. V SEMESTER
UP Land Law & Land Revenue

Paper Code LLB 503

L-3, T-2, P-0, C-4

Objectives: The objective of this paper is to provide the knowledge to students about their proprietary rights in land law. To aware those about the machinery which decides their disputes relating to agriculture land and revenue matters. To give them knowledge of behavior of Zamindars and abuse of zamindari system, the benefits of zamindari abolition as well as new tenure and tenancy system.

Unit-I

History and Development of the Land Tenure System in U.P., Special features & Objects of U.P.Z.A and L.R.Act, Definitions, Classes of Tenure Holders (before the Enforcement of UP.Z.A & LR Act), Acquisitions of Interest of Intermediaries & its Consequences.

Unit II

Classes of Tenure Holder, Rights of Tenure Holder, Assessment of Compensation, Rehabilitation Grant, Gram Sabha, Gram Panchayat and Land Management Committee.

Unit III

Lease, Surrender, Abandonment and Ejectment.

Unit- IV

Allotment of Land by Land Management Committee, Declaratory Suit and Succession.

Unit- V

Land Revenue, Revenue Courts and Revenue Authorities, Procedure and Powers of Revenue Court and Revenue Officers, Maintenance of Maps and Records, Revision of Maps and Records, Mutation, Appeal, Revision and Review, Salient features of UP Land Revenue Act, 2016 and UP Revenue Code Rules 2016.

Course Outcome:

Students after completing this course will be able to:

1. Well skilled with reasons of abolition of zamindari system.
2. Understand the present tenure holders and their position in land laws.
3. Understand unique succession system which replaced personal law system.
4. Know revenue disputes, revenue courts and officers, procedure of resolving the disputes under revenue law.

Books:

1. Dr. R.R.Maurya, U.P.Land Laws, Central Law Publication, 21st Ed., 2015.
2. Dr. R.R.Maurya, U.P.Land Laws, Central Law Publication, 34th Ed., 2017.
3. Dr. R.R.Maurya, U.P.Land Revenue Code, Central Law Publication, 1st Ed., 2017.
4. R. P Singh, U. P. Land Laws, State Mutual Book & Periodical Service Ltd. 1974.
5. The UPZA and Land Reforms Act, 1950.

Web Sources:

1. <http://www.legalserviceindia.com/>
2. <https://www.livelaw.in/>
3. <https://www.lawctopus.com/>
4. <https://www.lawordo.com/>
5. <https://indiankanoon.org/>
6. <https://www.wikipedia.org/>

Note: Latest editions of the books may be used.

LL.B. V SEMESTER
Trust, Equity & Fiduciary Relations

Paper Code LLB504

L-4, T-2, P-0, C-4

Objective: To acquaint students with general principal of Equity, Trust and Fiduciary Relations and remedies available under Equity.

Unit- I

Meaning and Nature of Equity, History of Courts of Equity, Relations of Law & Equity.

Unit - II

The maxims of Equity, Different Equitable Remedies in different branches of Law with special reference to property Law

Unit - III

Fiduciary Relationship – Concept and kinds vis- a- vis Trusteeship, Trust and Contract, Power, condition, and personal obligations – Distinguished.

Unit - IV

Essentials of Trust, Classification of Trust, Private Trust, Public Trust, Appointment, Retirement and Removal of Trustee, Rights, Powers, Discretion and Control of Trustees, Duties of Trustee relating to Trust Property and Beneficiary.

Unit – V

The Administration of Trust, Liability for Breach of Trust, Rights and Benefits of Beneficiary, Constructive Trusts.

Course outcome:

After completing the subject students will be able to:

1. To understand the concept of trust equity and good consciences
2. To understand the evolution of trust equity and good conscience
3. To understand equity, accomplish the lacuna in law.

Books:

1. S. R. Myneni, Trust, Equity & Fiduciary Relations, Asia Law House, 1st Ed. 2016.
2. R. K. Agarwal, Trust, Equity & Fiduciary Obligation, Pioneer Printers, 1st Ed., 2016.
3. G. P. Singh, Principles of Equity, CLA, 1stEd. 2015.
4. B. M. Gandhi, Equity, Trust&Specific Relief, EBC, 4th Ed., 2007.

5. Basanti Lal Babel, Trust, Equity, Fiduciary Relations & Specific Relief Act (Hindi), CLP, 11th Ed., 2016.

Web Source:

1. <https://www.lawinsider.com/dictionary/equity-and-good-conscience>
2. <http://www.alastairhudson.com/englandsdreaming/Englands%20Dreaming%20definitive%20text%20v1.pdf>
3. <https://www.lawteacher.net/free-law-essays/equity-law/the-importance-of-the-law-of-trusts-equity-law-essay.php>

Note: Latest editions of the books may be used.

LL.B. V SEMESTER
International Organization

Paper Code: LLB505

L-3, T-2, P-0, C-4

Objectives: The paper is to enable students about different organization at international level like: UNO and its principle organs, specialized agency like, WHO, IMF, UNICEF Etc.

Unit- I

Definition, Concept and Nature of International Organization, the Condition which should exist for their development, Capacity to enter into International Treaties, Privilege and Immunities.

Unit- II

The League of Nation: General Provision, Principal Organs, its weaknesses and Causes of the failure, Establishment of UNO, Preamble, Purpose and Principles, Membership: Suspension, Expulsion and Withdrawal, Privileges and Immunities.

Unit- III Principal Organs of UNO

General Assembly and Security Council, and Secretariat.

Unit- IV

International Court of Justice, Trusteeship Council and The Economic and Social Council.

Unit- V

Achievement of UNO, Review and Revision of Charter, Specialized Agencies: Concept, Relation with UN. UNESCO, WTO and ILO.

Outcome:

1. Understand the origin and concept of International Organizations.
2. Aware about League of Nations, UNO as well as its principle organs.
3. Will know the function and process of International Court of Justice (ICJ).

Books:

1. B. L. Fadia, International Organisation, Sahitya Bhawan Pub., 1st Ed., 2017.
2. Pushpesh Pant, International Relation in the 21st Century, Tata Mcgraw Hill Education, 1st Ed., 2010.
3. Dr. Gautam Veer, International Organisation (Hindi), 2016.
4. V. N. Khanna, International Relations, S. Chand, 1st, Ed.
5. S. P. Gupta, International Organisation, Allahabad Law Agency, 1st ed., 1999.
6. U N Charter, 1948,

Web Sources:

1. <https://indiankanoon.org/>
2. <https://main.sci.gov.in/judgments>
3. <http://legislative.gov.in/documents/list-of-central-acts>
4. <https://ncert.nic.in/ncerts/l/lleps106.pdf>

Note: Latest editions of the books may be used.

LL.B. I SEMESTER
Jurisprudence

Paper Code: LLB601

L-3,T-2,P-0,C-4

Objective: The objective of this course is to introduce the students about the concept of law and its development in various time periods, sources of law, various legal concepts such as person, property, rights, duties, liabilities etc. and relation between law and morality.

Unit I- Introduction

Definition, Nature and Scope of Jurisprudence, Importance of the Study of Jurisprudence and relation with Legal Theory, Sources of Law.

Unit II- Schools of Jurisprudence

Natural Law School, Analytical School, Philosophical School, Historical School, Sociological School, American Realistic School, Critical Legal School.

Unit III- Concept of Justice

Justice, Concept of Justice, Theories of Justice & Kinds of Justice.

Unit IV- Juridical Concepts

Legal Rights and Duties, Legal Personality, Liability.

Unit V- Other Juridical Concepts

Possession and Ownership, Law, Morality & Property.

Course Outcomes

Students completing this course will be able to understand:

1. Meaning, nature, scope and importance of Jurisprudence
2. Various sources of law as custom, precedent, legislation etc.
3. Different schools of Jurisprudence as natural law school, analytical school etc.
4. Relationship between law and morality
5. Relation between rights and duties
6. Legal personalities and its various theories
7. Possession and ownership

Books:

1. Dr. N. V. Paranjapay, Jurisprudence and Legal Theory, CLA, 8th Ed., 2016.
2. VD Mahajan, Jurisprudence and Legal Theory, EBC Pub., 5th Ed. 2015.
3. Dr. Nomita Agarwal, Jurisprudence and Legal Theory, CLP, 2014.
4. Dr. B. N. Mani Tripathi, Jurisprudence (Legal Theory), Allahabad Law Agency, 2015.
5. M. P. Tandon, Jurisprudence (Legal Theory), ALA, 2015.
6. S.R. Myneni, Jurisprudence (Legal Theory), Asia Law House, 2nd Ed. 2013.
7. Dr. Anirudh Prasad, Jurisprudence,
8. P. J. Fitzgerald, Salmond on Jurisprudence, Universal Law Pub., 12th Ed., 2012.
9. Dias, Jurisprudence, Lexis Nexis, 5th Ed., 2013.

Website Sources:

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2. <https://www.toppr.com/guides/legal-aptitude/jurisprudence/meaning-of-term-jurisprudence/>
3. <https://www.toppr.com/guides/business-law/introduction-to-law/principle-sources-of-indian-law-customs/>
4. <http://www.legalserviceindia.com/legal/article-1952-nature-and-schools-of-jurisprudence-an-overview.html>
5. <https://www.legalbites.in/schools-of-jurisprudence-notes/#:~:text=%20Schools%20of%20Jurisprudence%20%201%20%281%29%20Philosophical,emerged%20as%20the%20synthesis%20of%20various...%20More%20>
6. <https://www.toppr.com/guides/business-law-cs/introduction-to-law/various-definitions-of-law/>
7. <http://www.legalservicesindia.com/article/1931/Theory-of-Relationship-between-Law-and-Morality.html>

Note: Latest editions of the books may be used.

LL.B. VI SEMESTER
Criminology & Penology

Paper Code: LLB602

L-3, T-2, P-0, C-4

Objective: The course offers a specialist understanding of criminal policies including theories of punishment, their supposed philosophical and sociological justifications and the problem of exercise of discretion in sentencing.

Unit –I

Nature, Definition & Scope of Criminology, Schools of Criminology and Theories of Punishment.

Unit- II

Factors Responsible for Causation of Crime; Environment, Home and Community Influences, Urban and Rural Crimes. Effects of TV, Video, Press, Narcotics and Alcohol, Cast Community Tension, Communal Riots, Atrocities against Schedule Cast and White Collars Crime.

Unit-III Punishment of offenders

Punishment: Modes of Punishment, Corporal Punishment- Whipping, Mutilation, Transportation, Public Execution, Punishment under Indian Criminal Law, Capital Punishment, Imprisonment and Fine.

Unit-IV Probation and Parole

Definition, Nature and Duties of Probation Officer, Difference between Parole and Probation, Parole: Nature of Parole, Authority for granting Parole, Problems of the Released Offender.

Unit- VPrison System

Criminal Justice Structure & Prison System, Administrative Organization of Prison, Open Prison, Constitutional Imperatives & Prison Reforms, Prison Management & Prisoners' Rights.

Course outcomes -

A student passing this module should be able to:

1. Understand concept of Criminology, Penology and Victimology.
2. Understand various Schools & Theories of Criminology, Penology.
3. Understand the concept and Theories of Punishments.
4. Understand Prison System Constitutional Imperatives and Prison Reforms.

Books:

1. Dr. N. V. Paranjapae, Criminology, Penology & Victimology, CLP, 17th Ed., 2017.
2. Edited by Kuadri, A.Siddique`s , Criminology & Penology, EBC, 6th Ed., 2009.
3. Rajendra K. Sharma, Criminology & Penology, Atlantic, 1998.
4. Mohanti, Textbook of Criminology, Penology & Victimology, Himallya Publishing House, 1st Ed., 2011.

Web Sources:

1. <https://indiankanoon.org/>
2. <https://main.sci.gov.in/judgments>
3. <http://legislative.gov.in/documents/list-of-central-acts>

Note: Latest editions of the books may be used.

LL.B. VI SEMESTER
Principles of Taxation

Paper Code: LLB603

L-3, T-2, P-0, C-4

Objective: Principles of Taxation is a branch of Civil Law, which enables a person to understand various theories of taxation and need of paying tax as well as various sources of revenue of Central and State Government and their distribution. It regulates the basic principles of taxation and Constitutional Power of State to levy and collect taxes. The object of paper is to enable the students to understand the concept of tax, canons of taxation, types of tax, Constitutional provisions regarding taxation, distribution of tax revenue, tax evasion, tax planning and tax avoidance.

Unit I

Origin, History and Need of Taxation, Concept of Tax and Fee & its Characteristics, Distinction between Tax and Fee.

Unit II

Canons of Taxation, Direct & Indirect Tax, GST & Other Taxes.

Unit III

Constitutional Provisions related to Taxation and Right to Equality, Freedom of Trade & Residuary Power of Taxation under Entry 97 of the Union List, Power to Levy Taxes on Income & Power to Levy Excise Duties.

Unit IV

Distribution of Tax Revenue between Centre and States, Inter Governmental Tax Immunities in a Federation.

Unit V

Judicial Review of the Orders of Authorities, Tax Evasion, Black Money, Tax Avoidance & Tax Planning & its impact upon Society Tax Evasion & Effect of Tax Evasion, Tax Evasion distinguished with Tax Avoidance and Tax Planning.

Course Outcome: Students after completing this course will be able to:

1. Understand the concept of taxation in India.
2. Know kinds of tax in India
3. Know about GST.
4. Understand the Constitutional Provisions related to Taxation
5. Understand Distribution of Tax Revenue between Centre and States and Inter Governmental Tax Immunities in a Federation.

Books:

1. Kailash Rai, Taxation Law, ALA, 2016.
2. H .C. Mehrotra, Income Tax Law and Accounts, Sahitya Bhawan Publication, 59th Ed., 2018.
3. V.K. Singhaniya, Student Guide to Income Tax including GST, Taxman, 58th Ed., 2018.
4. S.R. Mynine, Law of Taxation, Asia Law House, 2011.
5. Dr. R. K. Jain, Income Tax Law and Accounts (Hindi), SBPD Pub., 21st Ed., 2016.

Web Sources:

4. <https://indiankanoon.org/>
5. <https://main.sci.gov.in/judgments>
6. <http://legislative.gov.in/documents/list-of-central-acts>

Note: Latest editions of the books may be used.

LL.B. VI SEMESTER **Disaster Management**

Paper Code: LLB604

L-2, T-2, P-0, C-3

Objectives: The course is intended to provide a general insight in the dimensions of disasters caused by nature beyond the human control as well as the disasters and environmental hazards induced by human developmental activities.

UNIT I: Introduction to Disasters

Definition: Disaster, Hazard, Vulnerability, Resilience, Risks, Types of disasters: Earthquake, Landslide, Flood, Drought, Fire, campus shooting, bomb threat, terrorist incidence and financial emergency etc., Causes and Impacts including social, economic, political, environmental, health, psychosocial, etc., Differential impacts- in terms of caste, class, gender, age, location, disability, Global trends in disasters: urban disasters, pandemics, complex emergencies.

UNIT II: Approaches to Disaster Risk Reduction

Disaster life cycle: its analysis, phases, culture of safety, prevention, mitigation and preparedness, Community based DRR (Disaster Risk Reduction), Structural-nonstructural measures & Roles and Responsibilities of Community: Panchayati Raj Institutions/Urban Local Bodies (PRIs/ULBs), States, Centre, and Other Stakeholders

UNIT III: Inter-Relationship between Disasters and Development

Factors affecting Vulnerabilities, Impact of Development projects such as dams, embankments, changes in Land-use etc., Climate Change Adaptation- IPCC Scenario and Scenarios in the context of India: Relevance of indigenous knowledge, appropriate technology and local resources & Role of International Co-operations in Disaster Management

UNIT IV: Disaster Risk Management in India

Hazard and Vulnerability profile of India. Components of Disaster Relief: Water, Food, Sanitation, Shelter, Health, Waste Management, Institutional arrangements (Mitigation, Response and Preparedness, Disaster Management Act and Policy, plans, programmes and legislation, Role of GIS and Information Technology Components in Preparedness, Risk Assessment, Response and Recovery.

UNIT V: Disaster Management: Applications, Case Studies and Field Works

The project/fieldwork is meant for students to understand vulnerabilities and to work on reducing disaster risks and to build a culture of safety. Projects must be conceived creatively based on the geographic location and hazard profile of the region where the college is located. A few ideas or suggestions are discussed below.

Several governmental initiatives require Urban Local Bodies (ULBs) and Panchayati Raj Institutions (PRIs) to be pro active in preparing DM plans and community based disaster preparedness plans. Information on these would be available with the district collector or Municipal corporations.

Teachers could ask students to explore and map disaster prone areas, vulnerable sites, vulnerability of people (specific groups) and resources. The students along with teacher could work on ways of addressing these vulnerabilities, preparing plans and consultation with local administration or NGOs.

Students could conduct mock drills in schools, colleges or hospitals. They could also work on school safety, safety of college buildings, training in first aid.

The suggested topics for Project work for student could be as follows:

- Monitoring and evaluation plan for disaster response
- Low cost Home based water purification methods
- Planning Nutrition intervention programmes
- Safety tips before during and after earthquake, cyclone, floods and fire accidents.
- MockDrills
- Major disasters in India
- Disaster Management in India
- Flood affected areas and damages in India
- Heat waves in India
- Earth quakes in India
- Historical Tsunamis in India
- Nuclear emergence
- Traffic accidents in India
- Train Accidents
- Major disease outbreak
- Disaster management structure in India
- Precaution, mitigation of disaster in India
- Warning system in India to prevent disaster
- Bhopal gas tragedy
- Kutch earth quake
- Tsunami (2004)
- Kosi Calamity 2008
- Mayapuri radiation exposure Delhi (2010)
- Mock exercises

Any field works related to disaster management.

Course outcome:

After completion of the course the students will be able to:

1. Understand natural & manmade disasters, its hazards, prediction, mitigation, preparedness and rehabilitation.
2. Understand the meaning of disaster cycle
3. Know the Relation between disaster and development
4. Understand the provision of The Disaster Management Act, 2005

Books:

1. Satish Modh, Introduction to Disaster Management, Macmillan Publisher India Ltd
2. Alexander David, Introduction in 'Confronting Catastrophe', Oxford University Press
3. Blaikie, P, Cannon T, Davis I, Wisner B 1997. At Risk Natural Hazards, Peoples' Vulnerability and Disasters, Routledge.
4. Damon P. Coppola, Introduction to International Disaster Management, Butterworth-Heinemann,
5. Singhal J.P. "Disaster Management", Laxmi Publications. ISBN-10: 9380386427 ISBN-13: 978-9380386423
6. Tushar Bhattacharya, "Disaster Science and Management", McGraw Hill India Education Pvt. Ltd., . ISBN-10: 1259007367, ISBN-13: 978-1259007361]

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1. <https://indiankanoon.org/>
2. <https://main.sci.gov.in/judgments>
3. <http://legislative.gov.in/documents/list-of-central-acts>
4. http://sdmassam.nic.in/pdf/publication/undp/disaster_management_in_india.pdf
<https://ndma.gov.in/en/>

Note: Latest editions of the books may be used.

LL.B. VI SEMESTER

Drafting, Pleading and Conveyancing

Paper Code: LLB613 L-2, T-0, P-2, C-3

Objectives: To acquire practical knowledge of drafting, pleadings and advocacy techniques.

Note: The course shall comprise of the following:

1. **Drafting:** - General Principles of drafting and relevant substantive rules shall be taught:
2. **Pleadings:**
 - (a) Civil: Complaint, Written Statement, Interlocutory Application, Original Petition, Affidavit, Execution Application, Memorandum of Appeal and Revision, Petition under Article 226 and 32 of the Constitution of India.
 - (b) Criminal: Complaint, Criminal Miscellaneous Petition, Bail Application, Memorandum of Appeal and Revision.
 - (c) Conveyance: Sale Deed, Mortgage Deed, Lease Deed, Gift Deed, Promissory Note, Power of Attorney, Will, Trust Deed.
 - (d) Drafting of Writ Petition and PIL Petition.

Note:

The course will be taught as per class instruction and simulation exercise, preferably with assistance of practicing lawyers/ retired judge. Apart from teaching the relevant provisions of Law, the course may include not less than 10 practical exercises in drafting and 10 exercises in conveyancing. Each student is required to maintain a diary under the guidance of Subject teacher.

Evaluation Scheme:

- 30 Marks- Theory Examination
- 50 Marks- File Work
- 20 Marks- Viva

Course Outcome:

Students after completing this course will be able to:

1. Acquaint the knowledge of drafting.
2. Do legal and professional task.
3. Prepare every type of legal document like; plaint, W.S., Affidavit, bail application, will, deed of lease etc.
4. Differentiate between pleading and conveyancing.
5. Learn various provisions or legislation related to drafting, pleading and conveyancing.

Books:

1. R. N. Chaturvedi, Pleading, Drafting & Conveyancing, CLP, 4th Ed., 2014.
2. S. C. Dixit, Pleading, Drafting & Conveyancing, CLP, 4th Ed., 2017.
3. K. K. Srivastava, Pleading, Drafting & Conveyancing, CAP, 1st Ed., 2016.
4. S. R. Myneni, Pleading, Drafting & Conveyancing, Asia Law House, 1st Ed., 2015.
5. Awasthi, Pleading, Drafting & Conveyancing (Hindi), CLP, 2nd Ed., 2015.

Websites:

1. <https://www.lawaudience.com/the-concept-of-drafting-its-general-principles/>
2. <http://legislative.gov.in/actsofparliamentfromtheyear/code-civil-procedure-act-1908>
3. https://thefactfactor.com/facts/law/legal_concepts/legal_terms/writs/

Note: Latest editions of the books may be used.

LL.B. VI SEMESTER
Moot Court Exercise and Internship

Paper Code: LLB614

L-2, T-0, P-2, C-3

Objective: Very purpose of this paper is to equip the student to the real-time experience in the field of Law. Student has to argue three moot-problems in Moot Court and has to attend and observe two case trials in the court, ie. one civil and one criminal. He has to attend and observe Advocate Office/Law Firm for Internship.

1. **Observation of trial** in two cases, one Civil and one Criminal (30 marks): Student may be required to attend two trials in the course of the last two or three years of LL.B. studies. They will maintain a record and enter the various steps observed during their attendance on different days in the court assignment. This scheme will carry 30 marks.
2. (i) **Moot Court (30 Marks):** Every student may be required to do at least three moot courts in a year with 10 marks for each. The Moot Court work will be on assigned problem and it will be evaluated for 5 marks for written submissions and 5 marks for oral advocacy.

(ii) Interviewing techniques and Pre- trial preparations and Internship diary(30 marks): Each student will observe two interviewing sessions of clients at the Lawyer's Official Legal and record the proceeding in the diary, which will carry 15 marks. Each student will further observe the preparation of documents and court papers by the Advocate and the procedure for the filling of the suit/ petition. This will be recorded in the diary, which shall carry 15 marks.
3. The third component of this paper will be **viva- voce examination** on all the above three aspects. This will carry 10 marks.

Evaluation Scheme:

- 60 Marks- Three Moot Court exercise & Internship File
- 30 Marks- Observation of Trial in Two Cases & Court visit.
- 10 Marks- Viva- Voce.

Course Outcome:

Students after completing this course will be able to:

1. Acquaint the knowledge of practice in court
2. Understand the working of courts
3. Do legal and professional task.

4. Prepare every type of legal document like; plaint, W.S., Affidavit, bail application, will, deed of lease etc.
5. Learn various provisions or legislation related to drafting, pleading and conveyancing.

Books:

1. Kailash Rai, Moot Court (Pre- Trial Preparation & Participation I Trial Proceedings), CLP, 5th Ed., 2015.
2. Kailash Rai, Moot Court, CLP, 6th Ed., 2013.
3. R. K. Agarwal, Practical Training, Viva- Voce & Moot Court (Hindi), Pioneer Printers, 1st Ed., 2016.
4. Abhinandan Malik, Moot Court & Mooting, EBC Pub., 1st Ed., 2015.
5. Basanti Lal Babel, Moot Court, Sidhant&Vyavhar, CLP, 3rd ED., 2015.

Web Sources:

1. <https://indiankanoon.org/>
2. <https://main.sci.gov.in/judgments>
3. <http://legislative.gov.in/documents/list-of-central-acts>

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