

(54) Title of the invention : SYSTEMATIC DEVELOPMENT OF TRANSETHOSOMAL GEL SYSTEM OF BERBERINE-HYDROCHLORIDE FOR EFFECTIVE TREATMENT OF DERMATOPHYTOSIS AGAINST TRICHOPHYTON RUBRUM: EX-VIVO, IN-VITRO AND IN-VIVO ASSESSMENT

<p>(51) International classification :A61K0009000000, A61K0009060000, A61Q0019000000, A61K0009510000, A61K0031417800</p> <p>(86) International Application No :NA Filing Date :NA</p> <p>(87) International Publication No : NA</p> <p>(61) Patent of Addition to Application Number :NA Filing Date :NA</p> <p>(62) Divisional to Application Number :NA Filing Date :NA</p>	<p>(71)Name of Applicant : 1)DR. KOUSHLESH KUMAR MISHRA Address of Applicant :SHRI SAI COLLEGE OF PHARMACY, UTTAR PRADESH, INDIA ----- 2)DR. CHANCHAL DEEP KAUR 3)DR. SUNIL SINGH 4)DR. ABHISHEK TIWARI 5)DR. VARSHA TIWARI 6)DR. MANISH KUMAR 7)DR. AJAY SHARMA Name of Applicant : NA Address of Applicant : NA (72)Name of Inventor : 1)DR. KOUSHLESH KUMAR MISHRA Address of Applicant :SHRI SAI COLLEGE OF PHARMACY, UTTAR PRADESH, INDIA ----- 2)DR. CHANCHAL DEEP KAUR Address of Applicant :RUNGTA COLLEGE OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES AND RESEARCH, NEAR NANDANVAN, RAIPUR, CHHATTISGARH, INDIA. ----- 3)DR. SUNIL SINGH Address of Applicant :PROFESSOR & PRINCIPAL, SHRI SAI COLLEGE OF PHARMACY, DIST.-PRAYAGRAJ (U.P.) ----- 4)DR. ABHISHEK TIWARI Address of Applicant :PHARMACY ACADEMY, IFTM UNIVERSITY, LODHIPUR, RAJPUT, MORADABAD, U.P. 244102 ----- 5)DR. VARSHA TIWARI Address of Applicant :PHARMACY ACADEMY, IFTM UNIVERSITY, LODHIPUR, RAJPUT, MORADABAD, U.P. 244102 ----- 6)DR. MANISH KUMAR Address of Applicant :M M COLLEGE OF PHARMACY, MAHARISHI MARKANDESHWAR, MULLANA, AMBALA-133207, HARYANA ----- 7)DR. AJAY SHARMA Address of Applicant :PROFESSOR, GOVT. OF NCT OF DELHI, DELHI PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES AND RESEARCH UNIVERSITY, PUSHPVIHAR, NEW DELHI 110017 -----</p>
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(57) Abstract :

Dermatophytosis is the most common dermatological disorder around the world nowadays. Many drugs are available in the market for the treatment of dermatophytosis but they had limited success due to the stratum corneum barrier, antifungal resistance, drug permeation, and retention of drugs in skin layers, etc. Thus, there are constant needs for new topical compounds that are effective against dermatophytosis. Berberine-hydrochloride is an attractive candidate to become an antifungal drug and by using nanotechnology it achieves deeper penetration in skin layers with enhanced permeability through the stratum corneum. Berberine-hydrochloride loaded transethosomal gels were fabricated using the hot homogenization method, followed by incorporation of transethosomes into gel-based system using carbopol-934. Transethosomal gel was characterized by physicochemical properties, in vitro drug release, ex-vivo permeation studies, CLSM visualization, antifungal activity, histopathological evaluation and dermatokinetic study. Berberine-hydrochloride loaded transethosomes were seemed to spherical in shape and found in range between 200-300 nm. Berberine-hydrochloride loaded transethosomal gel formulation are also shows controlled ex-vivo permeation of berberine-hydrochloride over 24 hr through excised rat's skin and CLSM confirmed deeper penetration into skin layers. The in vivo study revealed that transethosomal gel had a healing effect on the skin of Wistar rats infected with Trichophyton rubrum and was better than luliconazole cream. The histopathological evaluation confirmed its safety and dermatokinetic study showed transethosomal gel superiority over marketed cream. Incorporation of berberine hydrochloride loaded transethosomal nanosystems into the gel has the potential to enhance antifungal activity and permeation through transdermal drug delivery.

No. of Pages : 30 No. of Claims : 1